

Council that serves over 11,000 girls in my congressional district. The Fair Winds Council has two programs that I would like to talk about today. Both of these programs help empower young girls to rise above the status quo and become better citizens.

The first program I would like to talk about is Faces, a program developed in my hometown of Flint, MI. This program serves inner city girls, who come from single-family households and Faces attempts to break these young women out of the cycle of living in poverty by mentoring and doing community activities. Most notably, the young girls get to choose as a group two colleges or universities they would like to visit. Then through corporate sponsorships, these girls get an all expense paid trip to their choices. Last year 40 girls went on this trip. After the trip, these girls get help with filling out applications forms for college and with finding scholarships. Since this program began, 80 percent of its members have gone to college.

The second program, Fostering Issues, takes Girl Scouting to girls who are in foster care. Many of these young girls in foster care feel alone and afraid, and through this program, girls in the foster care system develop friendships. Through these friendships, these girls begin to develop social skills and trust in other people. They begin to develop self-esteem and believe that they too can become an important part of society.

Mr. Speaker, I ask the House of Representatives to join me in recognizing the truly amazing contributions the Fair Winds Council makes in my community. I invite my colleagues to find out all the wonderful things the Girl Scouts organization is doing in their own districts and commend them for 90 years of service to our communities.

#### CONGRATULATIONS TO HERSCHEL WISEBRAM FOR 50 YEARS OF SERVICE WITH WBHF RADIO

#### HON. BOB BARR

OF GEORGIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, April 9, 2002*

Mr. BARR of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to acknowledge a milestone which has recently occurred in the Seventh Congressional District in Georgia.

On April 5, 2002, Herschel Wisebram of Cartersville, Georgia, celebrated 50 years of service with WBHF Radio.

In 1946, shortly after World War II ended, the WBHF began to broadcast in Northwest Georgia. In 1952, Herschel Wisebram started at WBHF as a radio announcer, beginning a long distinguished career in the field of broadcasting.

WBHF Radio is a proven leader and has served the Cartersville area with distinction under Herschel's ownership.

Herschel has not just seen the changes Cartersville and the entire Atlanta and northwest Georgia area; he has reported the changing history of this small, southern town into what has been called one of the best and most livable small cities in the country. Herschel's strong sense of commitment to his community, is one of the reasons the quality of life in Cartersville and Bartow County is so enviable.

Mr. Speaker, I hope you and all of my Colleagues join me in saluting the motivation, dedication, and resolve that Herschel Wisebram has demonstrated for WBHF, for the advancement of radio broadcasting, for the city of Cartersville, and the people of Georgia.

#### MADNESS WITHOUT END?

#### HON. MARCY KAPTUR

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, April 9, 2002*

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Speaker, I submit the following article. The growing wave of Palestinian suicide bombings, followed inevitably by fierce Israeli military counter-attacks, ought to be proof for anyone that Middle East violence has degenerated beyond the bounds of any possible moral justification and into the realm of cultural psychosis.

Each side in this conflict continues to point a finger at the other, claiming, "You started it," as if the childish refrain were reason enough to continue down what looks more and more like a path to Armageddon.

This is a regrettable characteristic of the Middle East mayhem, one not easily understood in the West. Any inclination to turn the other cheek is almost always overcome by religious and cultural injunctions to crush and grind the enemy into the dust. Charity toward an adversary, it seems, is a sign of weakness.

Arabs and Jews contesting the Holy Land are never going to make peace with each other until both sides have had their fill of the bloodbath. The question facing a horrified, uncomprehending world is "when will enough be enough?"

The relentless procession of young Palestinians willing, even eager, to don explosives and give their lives to kill Jews and regain their historic homeland provides no indication of an early peace.

The so-called "spiritual leaders" of Hamas and other Palestinian movements point to such self-serving verses in the Qu'ran as, "And slay them wherever ye find them and drive them out of the places whence they drove you out, for persecution is worse than slaughter."

The Islamic militants who nurture, cultivate, and train the suicide bombers boast that they will send "a million martyrs to Jerusalem," and who can doubt them?

The Israelis, who also claim this territory as a religious and historic right, fall back on the self-perpetuating justification of self-defense. Memories of the Holocaust ("Never again") warn them of annihilation. The shock of the continued bombings neutralizes the nation's calmer voices and nascent peace movement. And violence begets violence.

The question of who is to blame no longer matters to a good bit of the outside world, but in the Middle East it remains pretty much the only issue. Until one side or the other takes responsibility, this burgeoning threat to humanity will continue to monopolize the world's resources and attention.

As much as we in the United States wish it were otherwise, what is happening in Israel and the West Bank cannot be separated from our war on terrorism. The same ancient fears and frustrations fuel both conflicts.

President Bush at first tried to distance the United States from the turmoil, but even he re-

alizes now that inattention for several months last year was a mistake.

An end to the madness that has engulfed the region could be reached in several ways. The preferable one would be through the services of a negotiator of uncommon skill and forbearance, possibly someone who is not yet apparent on the diplomatic stage. Another more horrifying possibility: a cataclysm of bloodshed that would make the current suicide bombings seem tame by comparison.

World leaders, even those without a direct stake in the Middle East, have a responsibility to apply pressure on all the parties involved to see that the path of least violence is the one taken.

#### HONORING SERGEANT GARY O'CONNOR

#### HON. JOSEPH M. HOFFEL

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, April 9, 2002*

Mr. HOFFEL. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate Sergeant Gary O'Connor who retired from the Lower Gwynedd Police Department in Montgomery County, Pennsylvania on July 13, 2001 after twenty-seven years of service.

Sergeant O'Connor graduated from Penn State University with a Bachelor of Science degree. Throughout his career he has displayed a special interest in juvenile justice and headed the Lower Gwynedd Police Department juvenile division for ten years. Currently, he also is a trainer and consultant for the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children, the National School Safety Center, and the National Council of Juvenile and Family Court Judges. Since 1983, Sergeant O'Connor has also instructed and consulted on police training for the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center.

Sergeant O'Connor has received many awards for his fine work including Pennsylvania's Juvenile Officer of the Year, Montgomery County's Police Officer of the Year, and North Penn Area's Outstanding Police Officer. The police force was no doubt stronger because of Sergeant O'Connor.

It is a privilege to honor the contributions of Sergeant Gary O'Connor to the citizens of Lower Gwynedd.

#### TRIBUTE TO THE FIFTY-YEAR MEMBERS OF THE ALABAMA GRAND CHAPTER, ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR

#### HON. ROBERT E. (BUD) CRAMER

OF ALABAMA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, April 9, 2002*

Mr. CRAMER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize a group of ten members of the Alabama Grand Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star who are celebrating their membership of over 50 years with Athens Chapter #214. I congratulate each of them for their many extraordinary years of charity and human outreach and wish them the best for many years of service to come.

Mr. Speaker, I want to commend Geneva Coulter, Juanita Turner, Roy H. Turner, Sr.,

Virginia Lonas Sharp, Cora Black, Sara Rud-der, Gladys Rogers, Elree Culp, Onye M. Holliman, and Angie A. Nazaretian for fifty years of membership. For over half a century, these members have devoted themselves to their Limestone County community, their state, and their nation providing not only financial assistance but also their personal time whenever the community needs them.

The Alabama Grand Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star was established in Alabama in 1901 in Montgomery. Thousands of members in the 200 chapters of this fraternal organization support countless numbers of charities and humanitarian projects such as cancer research and scholarships that enhance and enrich the lives of all of our citizens. I commend and thank this distinguished group for their service, and especially these fifty-year members of the Athens Chapter #214.

COMMEMORATING THE 182ND AN-  
NIVERSARY OF GREEK INDE-  
PENDENCE

**HON. JAMES R. LANGEVIN**

OF RHODE ISLAND

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, April 9, 2002*

Mr. LANGEVIN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in proud recognition of the 182nd anniversary of Greek Independence. This is a great day, for it commemorates the return of democracy to the cradle of Western Civilization after nearly four hundred years of foreign rule.

Greece has always been proud and independent by nature. Its people were a powerful force both culturally and militarily, as evidenced by the works of Homer and the multitude of Greek philosophers. The pinnacle of Greek influence was Alexander the Great and his unification of the eastern Mediterranean and ancient Middle East. Greek culture was spread throughout the new empire and for the first time, people were communicating with a common language, sharing ideas in a way never before possible. This Hellenization transformed every place is touched.

Nearly two thousand years later, another important concept from ancient Greece came to the forefront of modern thought. The concept of "rule by the people" gained prominence in the young United States. This was the desire of the framers of our Constitution, and they found their inspiration in the principles of the polis of Athens.

In 1821, thirty years after the birth of our nation, the people of Greece acted upon a desire to be free. The Ottoman Turks had conquered the region in 1453, bringing an end to over a thousand years of rule by the Orthodox-Christian Byzantine Empire and its resurgence of Greek culture. After a bloody eleven-year war, Greece was finally free once again.

In the modern era, one of the most important reminders of Greek heritage is the Olympic Games, which are finally returning to their origins in Athens in 2004 for the 25th Summer Olympic Games. For more than a century, the Olympics have symbolized peace and excellence for people the world over, reassuring us that even the smallest nation can compete on an equal ground with the largest.

With their intertwined histories, Greece and the United States stand as natural allies with a fine record of cooperation at the global level.

The roots of this strong relationship are fixed in the two nations' shared views on independence, freedom, and democracy. These principles still flourish millennia after their creation, and the United States and Greece continue to uphold the promise of democratic ideals.

Mr. Speaker, it is this feeling that I believe is the greatest contribution Greece has given to our world: We are all equal, whether it is in our democratic government or in friendly competition, and we can come together in friendship even during the most difficult of times. With that, I would like to thank my colleagues for holding this special order and once again congratulate Greece on the anniversary of its independence and all of the gifts it has given us.

REMEMBERING RABBI ISRAEL  
MILLER

**HON. CAROLYN MCCARTHY**

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, April 9, 2002*

Ms. MCCARTHY of New York. Mr. Speaker, I rise in honor of Rabbi Israel Miller's contributions to the global Jewish community and in memory of his recent passing.

Rabbi Miller was born in Baltimore, MD., but he made his home in New York. A graduate of Yeshiva University, the Rabbi Isaac Elchanan Theological Seminary and Columbia University, Rabbi Miller was a well-learned man who dedicated his life to the needs of the international Jewish community.

Rabbi Israel Miller expressed his dedication to different members of the Jewish community through his activism and leadership in a variety of organizations. He served as president since 1982 of the Conference of Jewish Material Claims Against Germany, an organization dedicated to financial restitution of Holocaust survivors. Miller helped Soviet Jewry through his leadership of the American Jewish Conference on Soviet Jewry. He also served as chairman of the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations, founding and honorary president of the American Zionist Federation, and a founder of the Jewish Community Relations Council.

Rabbi Israel Miller lived a long, healthy and gratifying life. He is survived by his wife, Ruth, his four children, 19 grandchildren, eight great-grandchildren, and brother and sister. I share their pride over his achievements.

Rabbi Miller's accomplishments and contributions to our local, national and international community were obvious and greatly appreciated. His involvement in the peace process in Israel is notable and commendable, specifically in light of the recent conflict.

I join my constituents and the entire Jewish community in remembering Rabbi Miller as a leader and role model for past, present and future generations.

CELEBRATING AFGHAN GIRLS  
GOING BACK TO SCHOOL

**HON. NANCY PELOSI**

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, April 9, 2002*

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Speaker, I commend Congresswoman TAMMY BALDWIN for her leader-

ship and thank her for organizing today's statements. On March 23, the girls of Afghanistan returned to school, and on that day a milestone was reached in the re-establishment of Afghanistan's civil society. Preceding the takeover by the Taliban, women constituted 70 percent of the teachers in Afghanistan, 50 percent of the government workers, 40 percent of the health professionals. During the Taliban regime, women were forced out of the workforce and girls were banned from school. Now, the women are returning to work, and with the return of girls to school, Afghanistan is laying the groundwork for the full participation of all of its children in developing a brighter future.

As we celebrate this milestone in Afghanistan, we also must recognize the need for access to education for girls around the world. Nearly a quarter of the world's adult population cannot read and write and two thirds of the illiterate adults are women. In looking at gender equality in secondary education enrollment, only eleven percent of countries have achieved gender equality, in fact 51 percent of countries have a lower enrollment ratio for girls than boys.

Education gives women the skills and tools that they need to participate fully in society. Education enables women to raise healthier and better-educated children. Educated women are more likely to participate in the decision making process of government, making an impact on policy that affects their daily lives. As we celebrate with the people of Afghanistan, let us also commit ourselves to ensuring that other girls across the globe have access to basic education, and the chance to make a better life for themselves.

HONORING ROGER SAMUEL

**HON. DALE E. KILDEE**

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, April 9, 2002*

Mr. KILDEE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to the recipient of the Edgar A. Guest Community Service Award. The Edgar A. Guest Award is given annually by the Flint-C.A. Durand Masonic Lodge Number 23 to honor the community service of a distinguished non-Mason. This year's recipient is Roger Samuel. He will receive the award at a dinner to be held in his honor on April 9th in my hometown of Flint, Michigan.

As an honorary member of the Old Newsboys of Flint, Roger Samuel plays an integral part in that organization's Christmas campaign, "Let No Child be Forgotten." In its 77th year, this program is dedicated to the idea that every child will be remembered on Christmas Day. Each year thousands of volunteers sell newspapers on the street corners throughout Genesee County. The newspapers publicize the program and raise money to pay for toys, coats, boots, hats and mittens. Roger donates the resources of the Flint Journal and pays for the ink, paper and printing of these newspapers. Without his support, valuable money would be diverted away from children.

Roger Samuel has lived in Flint since 1991 and has been the publisher of the Flint Journal since 1996. His work with the Old Newsboys of Flint is just one part of Roger's commitment to his community. During the last decade Roger has served as the president of the Rotary Club of Greater Flint Sunrise, chair of the